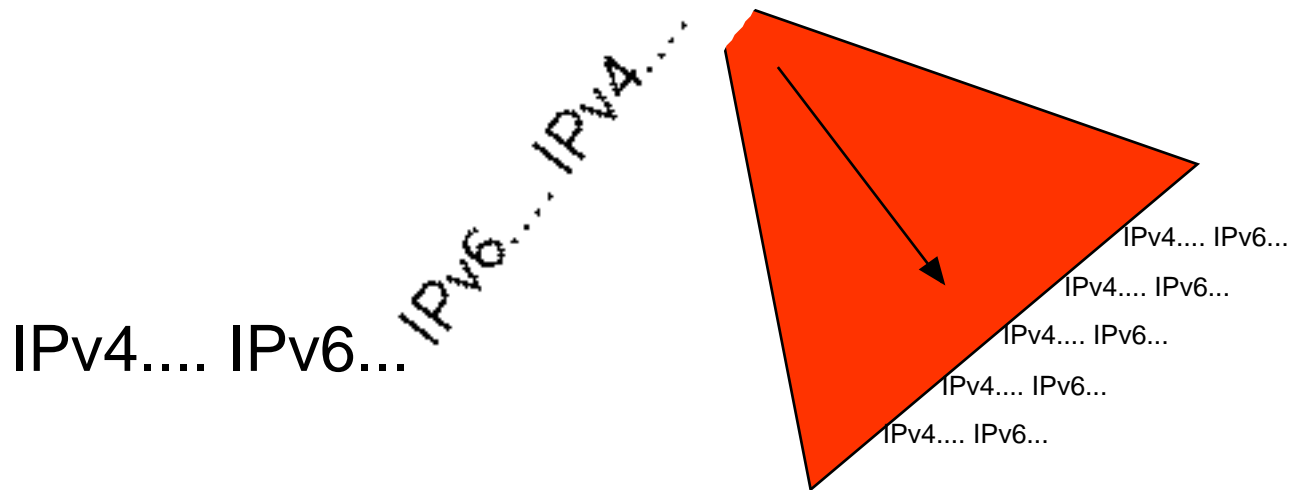


Presentation of IP-DVB List Activities

DVB-GBS Meeting
Helsinki
13th May 2002



Gorry Fairhurst
University of Aberdeen

INFORMATIONAL RFC

Requirements / Framework

Based on: [draft-fair-ipdvb-req-01.txt](#)

DRAFT STANDARD RFC(s)

Encapsulation

Based on: [draft-unisal-ipdvb-enc-00.txt](#)

Address Resolution / Signalling

[Resolution](#); [QoS Signalling](#); [L2 triggers](#); [Multi-homing](#)

[No draft yet issued.](#)

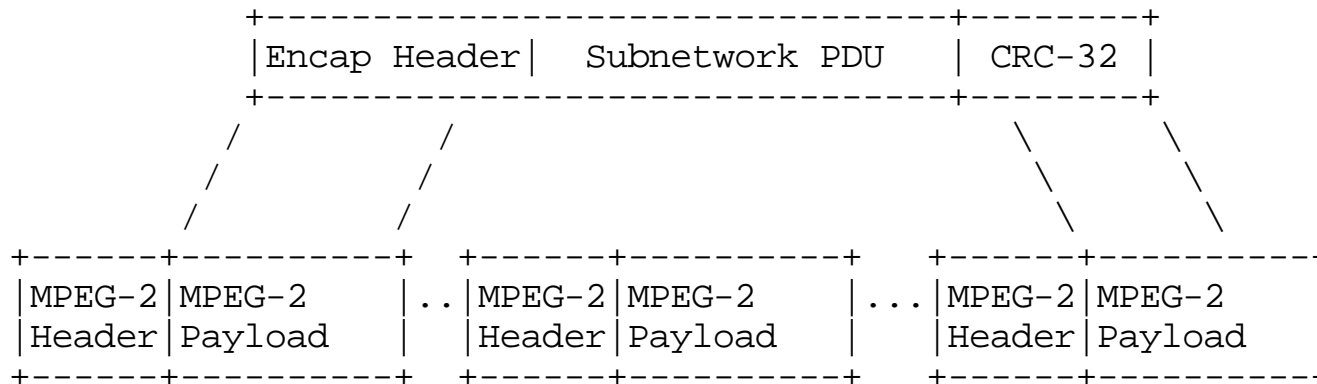
Multicast Operation

[L2 mapping](#); [QoS Signalling](#); [Multiple encapsulators](#)

[No draft yet issued.](#)

Goals for Efficient Encapsulation

Gorry Fairhurst (c) 2002 (gorry@erg.abdn.ac.uk)



Direct transmission over MPEG-2 TS, use of PUSI

IPv4 & IPv6 with support for Header Compression (ROHC)

Min MTU 1280 B [RFC 2460]; better 1500 B

Eliminate options and reduce per-packet processing

Allow extensions (not options) for the future?

Convergence Functions for Encapsulation

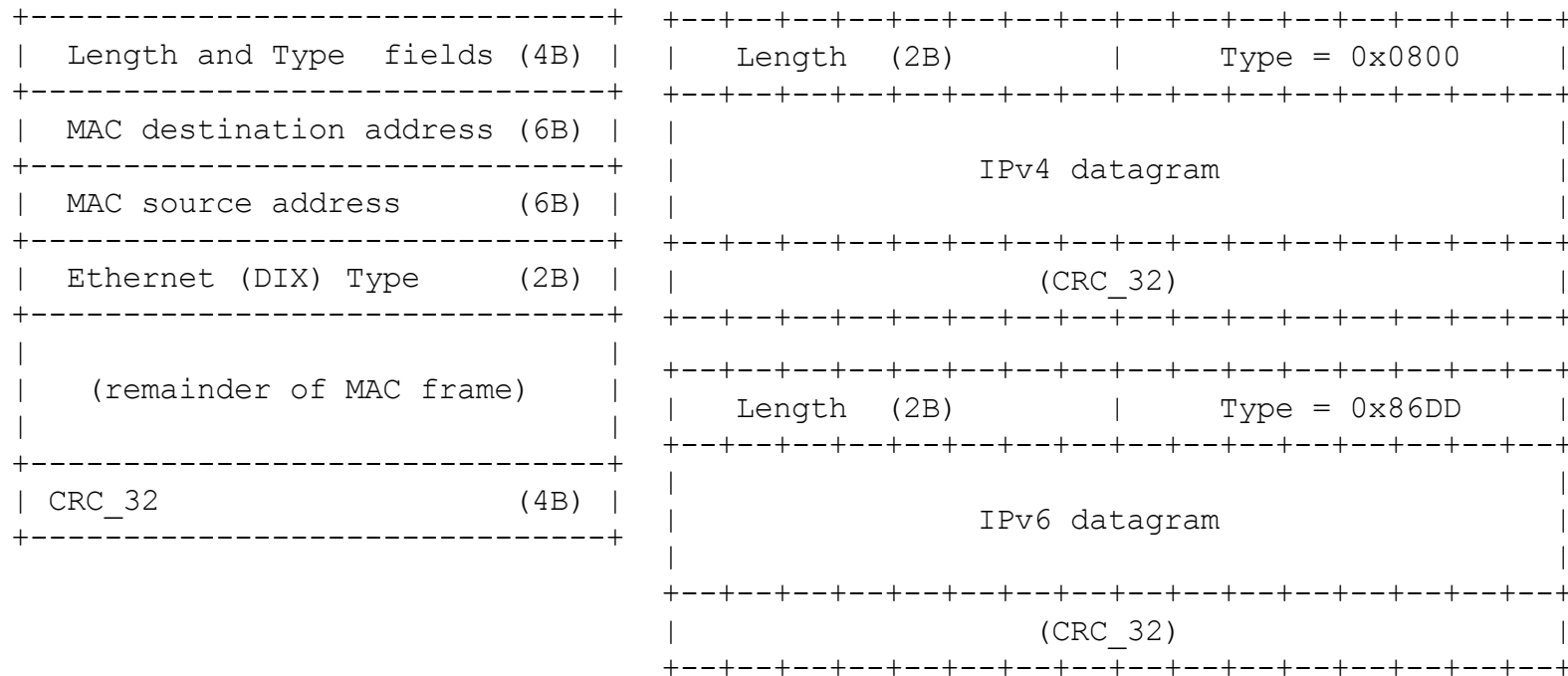
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Length Indicator (in encapsulation header)

Next level Protocol Type (in encapsulation header)

Addressing (optional NPA/MAC address)

Integrity Check (CRC-32 ?)



Use of NPA in Simple Encapsulation

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Filtering at

Encapsulation receiver (MPEG-TS level)

Encapsulation receiver (L2)

IP Receiver (L3)

L2 Address Filters

Network Point of Attachment = MAC

MPE MAC filters may be hardware / software

L3 IP Filters

IP subnetwork broadcast - big problem in flat LANs

IP forwarding

IP multicast (L2 address overlap; include, exclude lists;

IP multicast forwarding (RPF)

L2 address may be used in IPv6 Auto Configuration

Need to understand this in MPEG-2 context

HELP: Use of AFC in Simple Encapsulation

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AFC	Adaption	SNDU
00	Reserved for future use	
01	No adaptation field	Only SNDU
10	Adaptation field only	Currently no SNDU
11	Adaptation field	Followed by SNDU

Allow future extensions (not options)

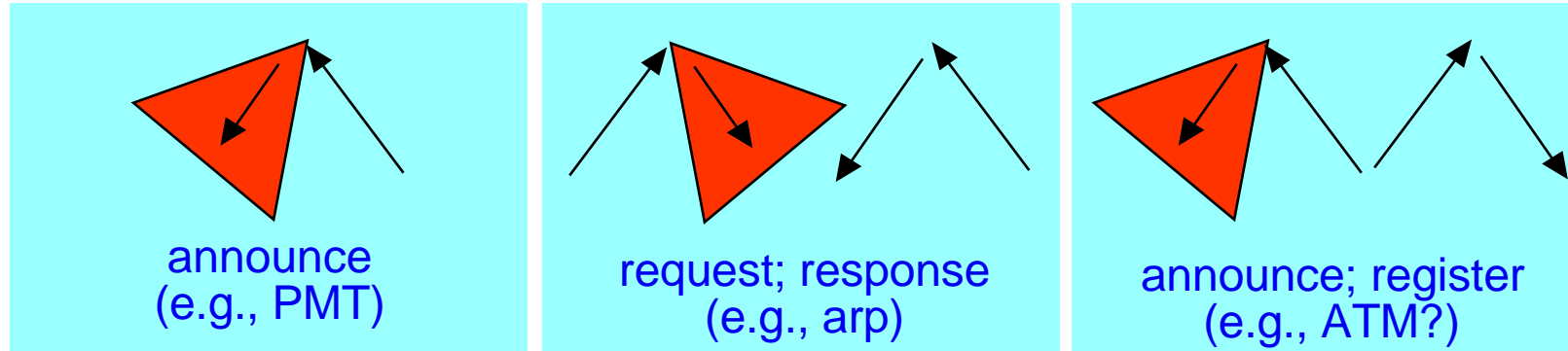
Does MPEG-2 let us use the AFC bits?

MPEG-2 rules?

Does the adaption field have to be 4B?

Signalling for IP over DVB

Gorry Fairhurst (c) 2002 (gorry@erg.abdn.ac.uk)



For each IP flow, receiver must know:

TS Mux

TS Logical Channel (PID)

May also need:

NPA (e.g., MAC)

L3 QoS requirements

L2 QOS capability announcement

Dynamic update by attached systems

Multiple encapsulators

Supporting Protocols for IP over DVB

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Points of debate:

How do we support multiple MPEG-2 Muxes?

Use of DVB Tables?

How much can be done at the IP / sub IP level?

How do you differentiate separate nets (ASs?)?

Multiple encapsulator issues / Multi-homing / Mobility
e.g., IP address appears from multiple sources

Multicast issues?

L2/L3 QoS support

HELP!

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To do:

- Publish ID's
- Request BoF status from IESG
- Work on protocols
- Publish RFCs
- Implement protocols
- Rest



Only possible if we bring together:

- Internet engineers - IETF
- Experts outside the IP area - ETSI-BSM; DVB-GBS?
- Equipment vendors and implementers